

Matplotlib for beginners

Matplotlib is a library for making 2D plots in Python. It is designed with the philosophy that you should be able to create simple plots with just a few commands:

1 Initialize

```
import numpy as np  
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

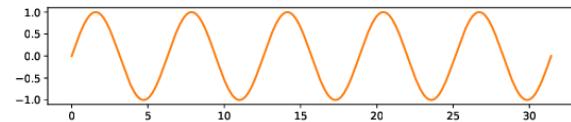
2 Prepare

```
X = np.linspace(0, 10*np.pi, 1000)  
Y = np.sin(X)
```

3 Render

```
fig, ax = plt.subplots()  
ax.plot(X, Y)  
plt.show()
```

4 Observe



Choose

Matplotlib offers several kind of plots (see Gallery):

```
X = np.random.uniform(0, 1, 100)  
Y = np.random.uniform(0, 1, 100)  
ax.scatter(X, Y)
```



```
X = np.arange(10)  
Y = np.random.uniform(1, 10, 10)  
ax.bar(X, Y)
```



```
Z = np.random.uniform(0, 1, (8, 8))  
ax.imshow(Z)
```



```
Z = np.random.uniform(0, 1, (8, 8))  
ax.contourf(Z)
```



```
Z = np.random.uniform(0, 1, 4)  
ax.pie(Z)
```



```
Z = np.random.normal(0, 1, 100)  
ax.hist(Z)
```



```
X = np.arange(5)  
Y = np.random.uniform(0, 1, 5)  
ax.errorbar(X, Y, Y/4)
```



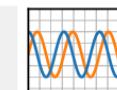
```
Z = np.random.normal(0, 1, (100, 3))  
ax.boxplot(Z)
```



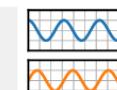
Organize

You can plot several data on the same figure, but you can also split a figure in several subplots (named Axes):

```
X = np.linspace(0, 10, 100)  
Y1, Y2 = np.sin(X), np.cos(X)  
ax.plot(X, Y1, X, Y2)
```



```
fig, (ax1, ax2) = plt.subplots(2, 1)  
ax1.plot(X, Y1, color="C1")  
ax2.plot(X, Y2, color="C0")
```



```
fig, (ax1, ax2) = plt.subplots(1, 2)  
ax1.plot(Y1, X, color="C1")  
ax2.plot(Y2, X, color="C0")
```

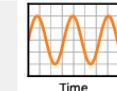


Label (everything)

```
ax.plot(X, Y)  
fig.suptitle(None)  
ax.set_title("A Sine wave")
```



```
ax.plot(X, Y)  
ax.set_ylabel(None)  
ax.set_xlabel("Time")
```



Tweak

You can modify pretty much anything in a plot, including limits, colors, markers, line width and styles, ticks and ticks labels, titles, etc.

```
X = np.linspace(0, 10, 100)  
Y = np.sin(X)  
ax.plot(X, Y, color="black")
```



```
X = np.linspace(0, 10, 100)  
Y = np.sin(X)  
ax.plot(X, Y, linestyle="--")
```



```
X = np.linspace(0, 10, 100)  
Y = np.sin(X)  
ax.plot(X, Y, linewidth=5)
```



```
X = np.linspace(0, 10, 100)  
Y = np.sin(X)  
ax.plot(X, Y, marker="o")
```



Explore

Figures are shown with a graphical user interface that allows to zoom and pan the figure, to navigate between the different views and to show the value under the mouse.

Save (bitmap or vector format)

```
fig.savefig("my-first-figure.png", dpi=300)  
fig.savefig("my-first-figure.pdf")
```

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